

# PromptSight: Forecasting Emerging Technologies via Iterative Self-Prompting in Large Language Models

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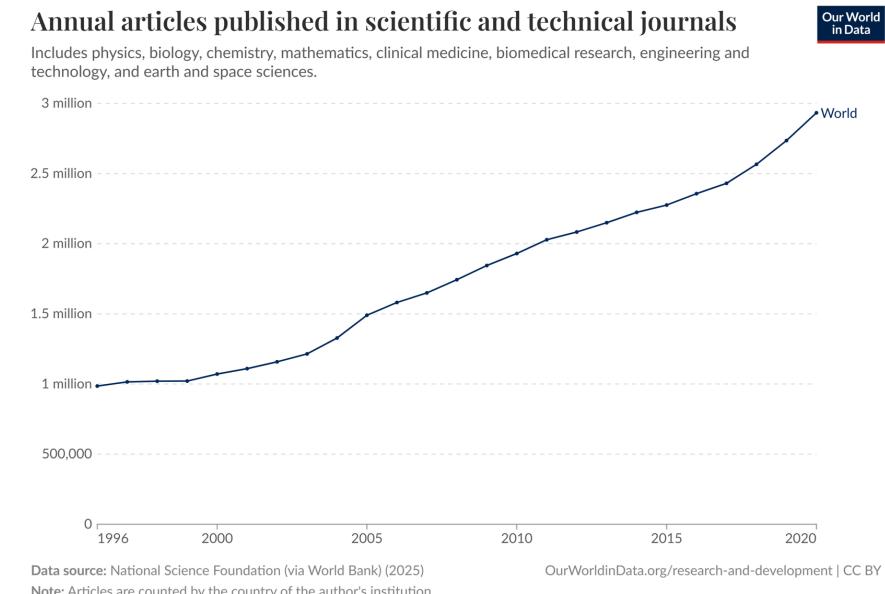


# Today

- Technology forecasting and machine learning
- PromptSight: how does it work?
- Results
- Limitations
- Future directions

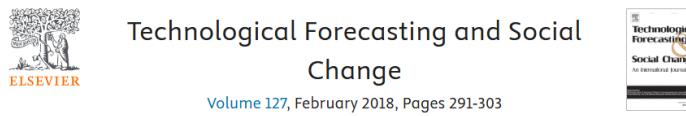
# Technology forecasting and ML - 1

- We focus on **fast-moving technologies** (e.g. LLMs)  
→ difficult to execute traditional forecasting methods such as Delphi analysis
- Large quantities of rapidly evolving information further complicate expert-based reviews



# Technology forecasting and ML – 2

- Recent research aims at processing this information with ML and NLP



Early identification of emerging technologies: A machine learning approach using multiple patent indicators

Changyong Lee <sup>a</sup>   , Ohjin Kwon <sup>b</sup>  , Myeongjung Kim <sup>a</sup>  , Daeil Kwon <sup>c</sup> 

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by Andra Sandu <sup>1</sup>, Liviu-Adrian Cotfas <sup>1,\*</sup>   , Aurelia Stănescu <sup>2</sup> and Camelia Delcea <sup>1</sup> 

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## From Fiction to Forecast: Leveraging LLM-Enhanced Models and Science Fiction for Innovative Technology Predictions

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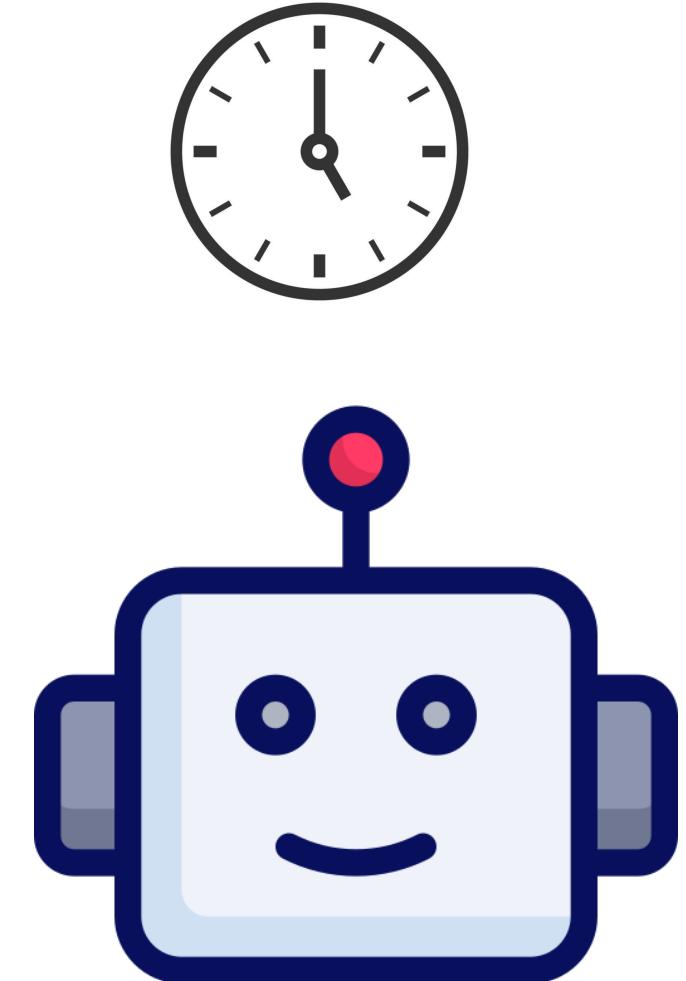
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# This is nice, but...

- Such methods are **computationally expensive** and **not readily available**  
→ need to process a large amount of data
- What if we are in early stages of exploration and want to get an initial idea of the field?



# LLM usage is under-explored

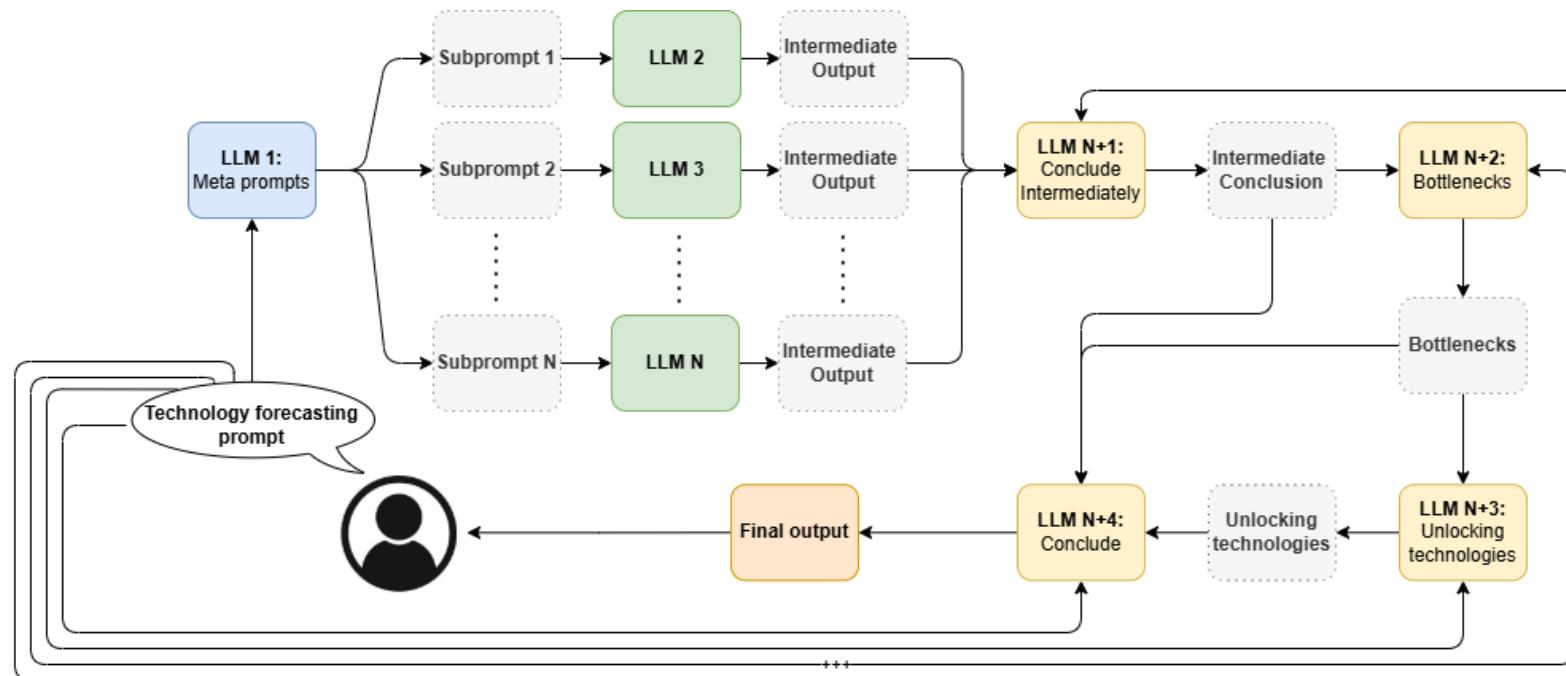
- The performance of LLMs is highly dependent on the **prompting strategy**
- We found that directly prompting a LLM results in a forecast **lacking depth and breadth**

→ **Contribution:** we provide an *agentic AI* framework for technology forecasting



# PromptSight

- Prompts are split into **subquestions**
- **Bottlenecks** and **unlocking technologies** are identified
- The final output is a **comprehensive** technology overview



# Example – splitting into sub-prompts

- Prompt:

*What will be the three most important and impactful technologies in the field of **satellite communication** over the next five years?*

- Split into sub-prompts:

- You are doing a technology forecasting research project. Your task is to identify **current trends and developments** in the field of satellite communication, and provide an overview of the most important technologies that are currently being used.
- You ... task is to research and analyze emerging technologies in the field of satellite communication, and provide a list of **new technologies** that are being developed and have the potential to be impactful in the next five years.
- You ... task is to evaluate and rank the potential impact of different technologies in the field of satellite communication over the next five years, and identify the **top three** most important and **impactful technologies** that will shape the future of the field

# Example – intermediate conclusion

- The intermediate conclusion identifies **LEO constellations, High-Throughput Satellites, and 5G and 6G integration** as the most important emerging technologies
- However, the conclusion lacks **depth** and is not sufficiently **specific**

→ Focus on bottlenecks and unlocking technologies

# Example – bottlenecks and unlocking technologies

- Several examples:
  - *LEO constellations*: Interference and congestion → satellite traffic management systems
  - *High-Throughput satellites*: High production costs → Modular and 3D-printed Satellite manufacturing technologies
  - *5G and 6G integration*: Latency and synchronization → Low-Latency Satellite Communication Protocols

# Final conclusion

- Enhances the intermediate conclusion with the bottlenecks and unlocking technologies
- More elaborate, comprehensive and specific
- Full example can be found in the paper

# But do we improve upon existing methods?

- We make two comparisons now:
  - Compare to a baseline LLM approach, *without* agentic AI → in our paper
  - Compare to an existing Delphi method

# Comparison to traditional baseline - 0

- For a proper validation we need to compare to a traditional forecasting method



The future of artificial intelligence: Insights from recent  
Delphi studies



Ido Alon <sup>a,\*</sup>, Hazar Haidar <sup>b</sup>, Ali Haidar <sup>c</sup>, José Guimón <sup>a</sup>

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# Comparison to traditional baseline - 1

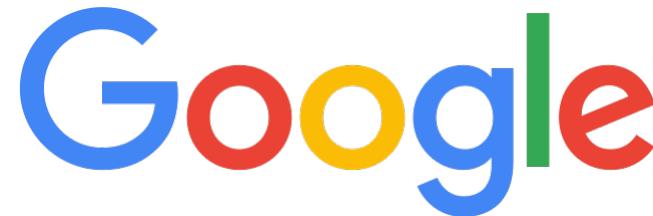
- Forecast on AI in healthcare:
  - **Delphi:** Improved diagnostic accuracy, enhanced patient care and access, operational efficiency, educational advancements, ethical and data governance challenges
  - LLM insights not in Delphi: higher focus on *computer vision* and *patient engagement and support*
- Similar findings for AI in journalism / photography

# Limitations and going further

- **Hallucinations and climate effects**
  - Hallucination is an *inevitable risk*, however, we did not see any signs of it in our experiments.
  - Each run is computationally expensive, but the framework is meant for *high-quality* forecasts, not mass deployment
- **Retrieval-augmented generation and semantic triples**
  - We can improve our framework by incorporating RAG through a knowledge base, such as the semantic triple graph we developed.
  - Through this added knowledge, forecasts can become more specific and inform the user on the time and location of new emerging technologies

# Future work

- Retrieval augmented generation



# Demo

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL `localhost:3000` in the address bar. The interface is a chat-based AI forecasting tool. On the left, a sidebar lists multiple "New Chat" entries. The main area shows a chat window for "Agentic AI forecasting, model: llama3:70b". The user has asked: "What will be the three most important and impactful technologies in the field of satellite communication over the next five years?". Below the question, there are three suggested responses:

- Suggested: Tell me about emerging technologies regarding satellite communication
- Show me the most important current technologies regarding large language models

# Connect with us



**Reliable information lab:**

<https://tinyurl.com/hevs-gen-learning>



**Cyber-defence campus:**

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# Full paper

## PromptSight: Forecasting Emerging Technologies via Iterative Self-Prompting in Large Language Models

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### Abstract

Forecasting emerging technologies is essential for guiding innovation and policy, yet traditional methods often struggle with the fast pace of technological change. Recent advances in machine learning (ML) and large language models (LLMs) are opening up new possibilities for technology forecasting by speeding up the review and summarization of technical expertise. However, the development of effective prompting strategies to fully realize these benefits is still largely underexplored. In this paper, we introduce the novel agentic AI self-prompting framework *PromptSight*, which enables LLMs to autonomously generate and refine prompts through multiple iterations, enhancing forecasting accuracy and granularity. Our results demonstrate that the technologies predicted through our framework are more specific compared to direct generation from an initial prompt. Additionally, we show that iterative prompting yields forecasts that are more structured, coherent, and comprehensive than baseline methods.

### Keywords

Large Language Models, Technology Forecasting, Agentic AI, Prompt optimization

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Type ▾ People ▾ Modified ▾ Source ▾

Name	Owner
Bioinformatics	A me
Large language models	A me
Neuroprosthetics	A me
Quantum computing	A me
Satellite communication	A me
README	A me